Grammar

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1 Hello! I'm Jenny Subject pronouns; Present simple of be



Grammar lesson

Subject pronouns

Singular I you he she it Plural we you they

he, she or it?

A person is he or she.



A thing is it.



An animal is it

or he/she (for example, a pet).





 $\begin{cases} Jenny \\ She \end{cases}$ is eleven.

 $\frac{Nick}{He}$ $\}$ is twelve.

Jenny and Nick \rightarrow are from Merton. They

Present simple of be

	Long form	ns	Short form.	S	Questions
Singular	I am you are he is she is it is	I am not you are not he is not she is not it is not	I'm you're he's she's it's	I'm not you aren't he isn't she isn't it isn't	am I? are you? is he? is she? * is it?
Plural	we are you are they are	we are not you are not they are not	we 're you 're they 're	we aren't you aren't they aren't	are we? are you? are they?

Also: What is/What's ...? My name is/My name's ...

Short answers

Are you from Merton? Yes, I am. OR No, I'm not.

Is Nick twelve? Yes, he is.
Is Jenny twelve? No, she isn't.

1 What's missing?

Write in the missing words.

Longforms	Short forms
we are	▶ we're
he is	1
2	I'm
3	she isn't
you are not	4
we are not	5
6	they're
7	it's
I am not	8
he is not	9

2 Hello!

a Write am, is or are.

Hello! I ▶ am Nick and this 1 Jenny.

She 2 my sister.

We 3 brother and sister.

I 4 twelve and Jenny

5 eleven.

We 6 from Merton.

Merton 7 near London.

What 8 your name?

Where 9 you from?

This 10 our friend Trig.

He 11 a visitor from planet Triglon.

b Now say the sentences.

3 What's your name?

a Write the short forms.

Hello! What ►'S ____ your name?

I 1_____ Jenny, and this is Nick.

He 2____ my brother.

We 3____ brother and sister.

He 4____ twelve and I 5____ eleven. We 6___ from Merton.

This is Trig. He 7____ our friend.

He 8____ from Merton.

He 9____ from Triglon.

And this is Chip. He 10____ our dog.

4 Change the sentences

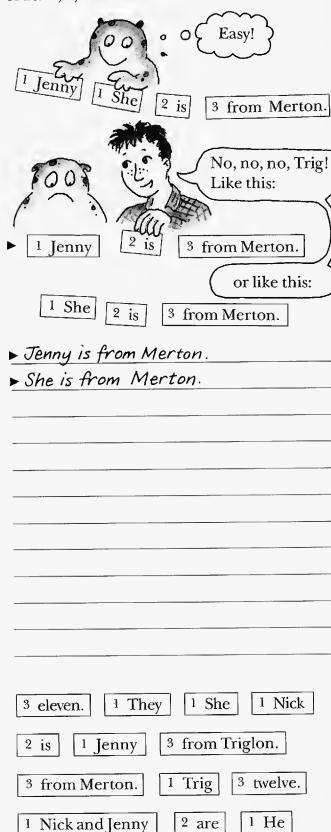
Now say the sentences.

Say he, she, it or they.

- ► Jenny is eleven. *She is eleven*.
- ► Trig isn't from Merton. *He isn't from Merton*.
- 1 Nick isn't eleven.
- 2 Merton is near London.
- 3 Nick is twelve.
- 4 Jenny isn't twelve.
- 5 Nick and Jenny are brother and sister.
- 6 Trig is a good friend.
- 7 Mr and Mrs Bell are from Merton.
- 8 Merton is a small town.
- 9 Trig is a visitor from Triglon.
- 10 Triglon is a small planet.
- 11 Chip is a good dog.
- 12 Chip is four years old.

5 Arrange the words

Write ten true sentences. Use the words in three blocks for each sentence, in the order 1, 2, 3.



6 Friends

Jenny is in the bus with Zoe and Carlo. Zoe is from Greece. She's thirteen. Carlo is from Italy. He's twelve.

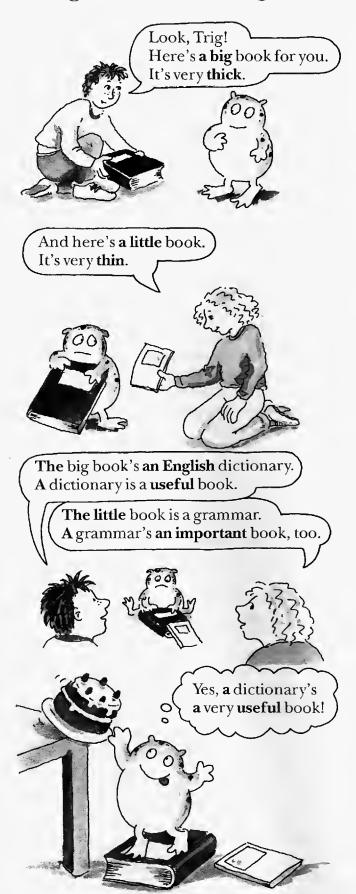


Nick is in the park with Maria and George. Maria is from Italy. She's thirteen. George is from Greece. He's eleven.



- a Where are they from? How old are they? Say what is the same.
 - Maria and Carlo
 Maria and Carlo are from Italy.
 - 1 George and Zoe
 - 2 Zoe and Maria
 - 3 Nick and Jenny
 - 4 Nick and Carlo
 - 5 Jenny and George
- **b** Give a short answer.
 - ► Is Nick from England? Yes, he is.
 - ► Are Zoe and Carlo in the park? *No, they aren't.*
 - 1 Is Nick in the park?
 - 2 Is Nick with Zoe and Carlo?
 - 3 Are Maria and George in the bus?
 - 4 Is Jenny in the bus?
 - 5 Are Maria, George and Nick in the park?
 - 6 Are Zoe and Carlo with Jenny?
 - 7 Is Carlo twelve?
 - 8 Are Zoe and Maria thirteen?
 - 9 Is Zoe from Greece?
 - 10 Is Carlo from Greece?
 - 11 Is Jenny thirteen?
 - 12 Is George eleven?
 - 13 Are Nick and Carlo twelve?
 - 14 Is Maria from Italy?
 - 15 Is Maria from England?
 - 16 Are Nick and Zoe from Italy?
 - 17 Is Carlo eleven?
 - 18 Are you from England?
 - 19 Are you from Greece?
 - 20 Are you eleven?

2 A big book for Trig Articles; Adjectives



Grammar lesson

Articles: a/an, the

a /ə/ before æconsonant sound:

► a book, a thick book

► a yellow book, a useful book

an /ən/ before a vowel sound:

▶ an important book

the /ðə/ before a consonant sound:

► the book, the yellow book

the /ði/ before a vowel sound:

▶ the English book

Position of adjectives

We put adjectives

1 before a noun:

► a big book, a good dog

2 after a verb:

➤ The book is thick. Chip is good.

Nationality adjectives

Adjective/Language Country America **American** Egypt **Egyptian** England **English** France French Germany German Greece Greek Italian Italy Spain Spanish **Turkish** Turkey

an English boy the Turkish language Dimitris is **Greek**. Carlo is **Italian**.

Write the country, the language and the adjective with a capital letter.

1 What's in the picnic basket?

Write a list with a or an.



2
а

a	ba	na	na

IJ

an	200
	~~~
	7

### 2 Guess the words

Write the words correctly.

an	*уе
an	w. A.



an eye

<b>•</b>	a	жr	ot	he	e*

an ∗rm €

					_
_	_	_	_	A	

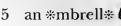
a brother

•	2	airi e	ter



3	a	*esson



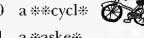




an *pp*e 8

an *gg





11	a waskew	

12	a ※ootba※※

13 an *nimal

14 a *ook

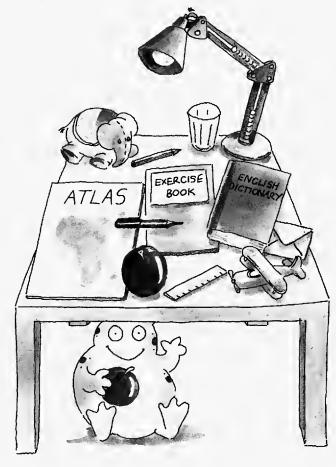
15 an *xerc*se

16 a #ette#

### Memory game

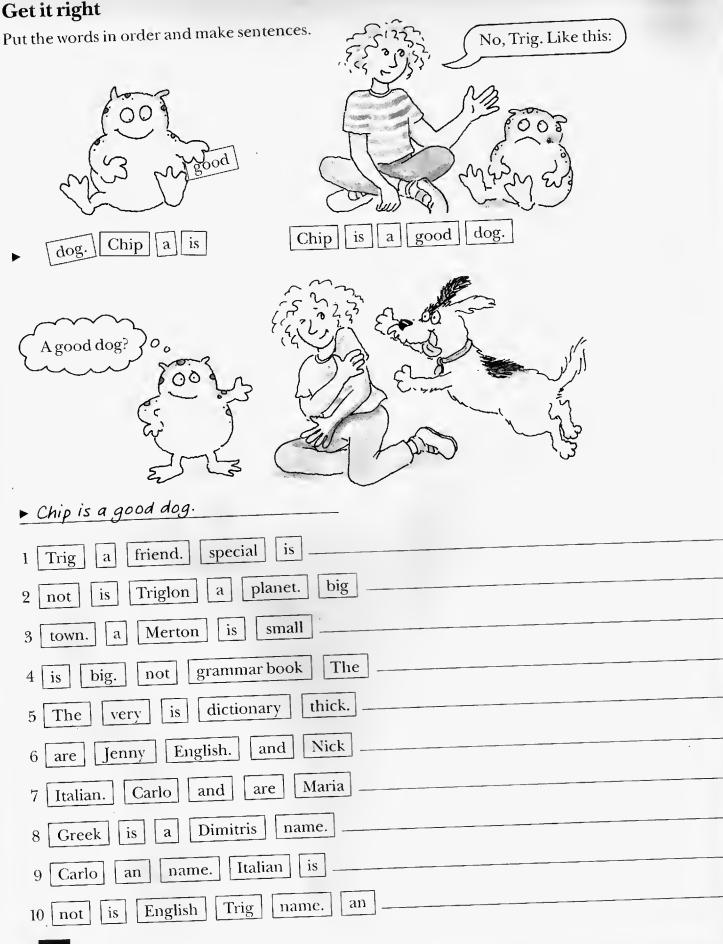
Look at the picture for one minute. Close the book.

Name the twelve things on the table, using a or an.



Now name the twelve things on the table, using the.

### 4 Get it right



### 5 What are they?



<b>•</b>	It's a French	newspaper.
1	It's	passport.
2	It's	- coin.
3	It's	stamp.
4	It's	stamp.
5	It's	flag.
6	It's	city.

7	It's	banknote.
8	It's	city.
9	It's	coin.
10	It's	coin
11	It's	city.
12	It's	stamp.

### 3 Girls and boys Plural of nouns

### Who's in the road?

I can see a man, a woman with a baby, and two old **ladies** on a bench.

At the bus stop I can see two men and two women. Also three children – a boy and two girls. The boy is Nick and one of the girls is Jenny.

And look – it's Trig in the bushes!



### **Grammar lesson** Plural of nouns Regular plurals Singular Plural Add s girls girl boy boys Add es to ch bench**es** bench tomato tomatoes bus**es** bus bushes sh bush $\mathbf{x}$ box boxes yafter consonant baby babies $\rightarrow$ ies lady ladies Irregular plurals Singular Plural children child man men woman women people person tooth teeth foot feet Pronunciation /s/ after /p, t, k, f, $\theta$ /: shops, books /IZ/ after /s, z, $\int$ , 3, t $\int$ , d3/: buses, benches

### 1 Making lists

a Write the plurals in the correct lists.

/	C		1: -4:
cup√,	friend	car	dictionary
class√	bus	desk	child
road	country	woman	glass
box	bush	watch	potato
foot	shirt	girl	person
tomato	city	tree	day
beach	bench	party	policeman
story	boy	match	dog
pen	baby	dish	

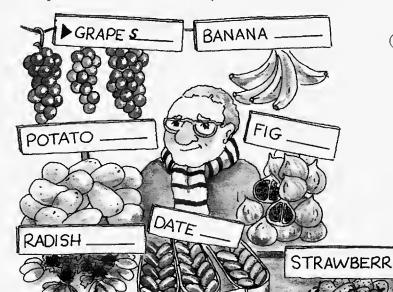
S	es	ies
<b>►</b> Cups	<u>► classes</u>	
		<u> </u>
·		
		Irregular
		Irregular
		Irregular 
		Irregular
		Irregular

**b** Now read out your lists.

/z/ after other sounds: girls, tomatoes

### 2 At the market

Complete the labels. Now say the words.



### 3 Word square

Ring the plural words. Are there 12, 16 or 20?

W	()	M	E	N	) P	В	G	$\mathbf{C}$	A	R	S	L
В	()	Y	S	D	E	X	L	A	R	M	X	A
D	I	С	Ŧ	1	0	N	A	R	I	E	S	D
					P							
R	I.	T	E	Н	1.	J	S	H	Ο	E	S	E
					E							
Y	P	E	A	s	Q	Q	S	В	О	X	E	S
В	U	S	E	S	X	C	L	A	S	S	E	S
A	S	C	Н	1	1.	D	R	E	N	Y	Α	Q
F	E	E	T	X	N	X	T	E	E	T	Н	Y

MELON

TOMATO

### 4 In the park

ORANGE_S

Spot the differences. Write what you can see.

LEMON





In Picture A I can see . . .

<b>•</b>	one woman		
1		6	
2		7	
3		8	
4		9	
5		10	

In Picture B I can see . .

PEACH

	rectare Dr can see		
•	two women		
11		16	
12	·	17	
13		18	
14		19	
15		20	

### 4 Meet my teacher Possessive adjectives



### Grammar lesson

Pronouns	Possessive adjectives
I	my
you	your *
he	his
she	her
it	its
we	our
you	your
they	their

► I am a good friend. My name is Trig. We are from Merton. Our surname is Bell.

### 1 Her name is ...

Put in your, his, her, its or their.

Jenny and Nick are from Merton. ► Their
surname is Bell. 1 friends, Tom
and Amanda, are from Merton too. Jenny's
eleven. ² eyes are blue. ³
hair is yellow. 4 brother Nick is
twelve. 5 eyes and hair are brown.
6 dog is Chip. 7 eyes are
brown and 8 hair is black and white.
9school is in Park Street. It's near
house. 11 name is Park
Street School. Jenny's teacher is very
friendly. 12 name is Miss Mill.
Nick's teacher is nice, too. 13 name
is Mr Blake.
What about you? What's 14 name? Where's 15 school? What's
16 name? And 17 friends?
What are 18 names?

### 2 Favourites

	Jenny	Nick	Mr and Mrs Bell	You
Music Singer Sport Food	rock Prince swimming chocolate cake	rock Sting football ice-creams	opera Pavarotti tennis pizza	; * ;

Talk about Jenny, Nick, Mr and Mrs Bell and you. Use her, his, their and my.

▶ Her favourite music is rock. ▶ Her favourite singer is Prince.

### 3 Guessing game

Look at the pictures. Look at their hair. Look at their favourite sport, food and colour. Now choose a boy or girl. Ask the class to guess who it is.

- ► YOU It's a girl.
  - CLASS Is her hair dark?
  - YOU Yes, it is.
  - CLASS Is her hair long?
  - YOU No, it isn't.
  - CLASS Is her favourite colour red?
  - YOU No, it isn't. CLASS Is it Kate?
  - YOU Yes, it is!



Kate tennis spaghetti pink



Jane swimming chicken pink



Rob football steak green



Alex basketball spaghetti red



Mary swimming pizza



Paul football spaghetti orange



Ann tennis chicken blue



Ben football steak blue



Liz swimming pizza red



Mike basketball beefburgers orange

### 4 Ask your partner

Choose a partner. Ask and answer ten questions about favourites, like this:

► YOU What is your favourite colour? PARTNER My favourite colour is orange.

Talk about colours, lessons, animals, food, drink, singers, songs, TV programmes, hobbies, sports, games.

### **5** Is it Nick's? Possessives



Is it Jenny's skateboard or Nick's?



Are they the girls' bicycles or the boys'?



Is it the children's ball or the dog's?



And whose exercise book is this . . . ?

### **Grammar lesson**

### **Possessives**

1 Use 's or s' with people and animals.

It's Nick's skateboard. Singular

> OR It's Nick's. It's the dog's ball. or It's the dog's.

They're Jenny's cassettes. or They're Jenny's.

They're the girls' bicycles. Plural

OR They're the girls'.

They're the boys' skateboards.

or They're the boys'.

- 2 Use 's with irregular plurals.
  - ► I'm the children's friend.

Possessive the dog's ball = the ball of the dog Short form of is Chip's the dog. = Chip is the dog.

### Nick talks about his pictures

Ring the possessives and the short forms. Then write two lists.



Look, this is my best friend. His name's Tom Allen. This is the Allens house. Look at Tom's old bicycle. And look at Mr Allen's old car. The Walkman's Tom's.



And this is Jenny's best friend. Her name's Amanda Todd. Amanda's twelve. This is the Todds' house. Amanda's bicycle's new. This is Chip's old ball. And this is the Todds' car.

Possessives ► Allens'	Short forms ► name's

2	W	ho are they?	3	N	ames		
	Sa	y and write sentences.			ume the people you know.		
	•	Mrs Allen? (mother) Mrs Allen is Tom's mother.		Ti	nen write sentences. sister/sisters		
	1	Mrs Todd? (mother)			My sister's name is Anna. OR My sisters' names are Anna		
	2	Mr Allen? (father)		1	and Susan.  English teacher		
	3	Mr Blake? (teacher)		2	brother/brothers		
	4	Amanda? (daughter)		3	best friend/friends		
	5	Jenny? (sister)			father		
	6	Mr Todd? (father)		4			
	7	Chip? (dog)		5	mother		
	8	Trig? (friend)		6	uncle/uncles		
	9	Amanda? (best friend)		7	aunt/aunts		
	10	Miss Mill? (teacher)		8	cousin/cousins		
	11	Tom? (best friend)	<del></del>	9	doctor		
	12	Jenny and Nick? (children)	_	10	pen-friend		
				11	pet/pets		
				12	neighbour/neighbours		

### **6** What have the Bells got?

Look! The Bells have got a new car. It has got four doors, and it's got a radio. Has it got a sunroof? No, it hasn't.



### Grammar lesson

### Present simple of have got

Use have got for possession.



I have not got I haven't got he has not got he hasn't got

Questions
Have I got?
Has he got?

Short answers
Have you got a new car?
Yes, I have. OR No, I haven't.
Has your friend got a new car?
Yes, she has. OR No, she hasn't.

No got in short answers!

### Present simple of have got

### 1 What have you got?

Look at the pictures. Say what you/your family **have got** and what you **haven't got**. Make fourteen sentences.

- ▶ I've got a watch, but I haven't got a doll.
- ▶ We've got a cat, but we haven't got a dog.



### 2 What's in the school bags?



- Say what the children have got and what they haven't got.
  - Jenny Jenny has got an atlas, a paint box, a brush and a pencil. She hasn't got an exercise book.





Tom

Amanda





2 Nick

Maria 5





Carlo

Zoe

Have two children got the same things?

- Ask five pupils what they have got in their school bags. Make questions like this:
  - Have you got a pencil? YOU Yes, I have. OR No, I haven't. PUPIL.

### Partner game

Write six sentences with I've got . . .

Use:

Things Colours sweater red T-shirt blue pen green exercise book yellow school bag white bicycle black

I've got a green sweater. I've got a red T-shirt.


Now guess the things on your partner's list.

Have you got a white sweater? YOU No, I haven't. PARTNER

Have you got a green sweater? YOU

Yes, I have. **PARTNER** 

### 4 Look at Trig!

Look at this picture of Trig. Use the words in the list to ask questions about him.

Has he got a fat body? YOU Yes, he has. **CLASS** 

body big ears small face long socks fat hat funny shirt striped scarf



### 7 These are mine Demonstratives; Possessive pronouns



### Grammar lesson

### **Demonstratives**

Singular this OR this cassette that OR that cassette

Plural these OR these cassettes those OR those cassettes

this ice-cream these ice-creams



that







### Possessive pronouns

Adjectives	Pronoun
my	mine
your	yours
his	his
her	hers
our	ours
your	yours
their	theirs

► It's my book. OR It's mine. They're her books. OR They're hers.

> These are ours and those are yours. Is that the Bells' car? Yes, it's theirs.

### 1 These and those

Make correct sentences.

► This is/These are
This is my orange juice.

1 These are/Those are

2 This is/These are

3 That's/This is

4 This is/These are

5 That's/Those are

6 This is/That's

7 These are/Those are

8 Those are/That's

9 These are/This is

10 And those are/these are

my orange juice.

our beefburgers over there.

Jenny's cheeseburger.

your Coke here.

Tom's ice-creams.

Amanda's chocolate cake.

Chip's bone in the garden.

her crisps over there.

Nick's lemonade.

Jenny's ice-lolly.

Trig's three giant milk-shakes over there!

### 2 This exercise . . .

Put in this is or these are.

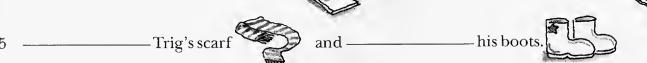
<b>&gt;</b>	Look, this isNick's jacket and these are	—his shoes.
-------------	------------------------------------------	-------------











### 3 Missing words

Look at the table of possessive pronouns in the grammar lesson for one minute. Cover the table. Put in the missing words.

1	► my	► mine
you	1	2
3	4	his
she	5	6
we	7	8
9	your	10
they	11	12

### 4 His, hers or theirs?

Look at Exercise 2 and answer the questions.

- ► Are the gloves Jenny's?

  Yes, they're hers.
- ► Is the jacket Trig's?

  No, it's not his.
- 1 Is the cap Nick's?
- 2 Are the shoes Jenny's?
- 3 Are the books the children's?
- 4 Is the watch Nick's?
- 5 Are the snacks the children's?
- 6 Is the school bag Jenny's?
- 7 Are the socks Trig's?

### Countable and uncountable nouns 8 A picnic



### Grammar lesson

### Countable nouns

Banana, apple, orange and biscuit are countable.

Singular

Plural

a banana a biscuit

three bananas four biscuits

Use some with plural countable nouns:

I've got some bananas. We've got some biscuits.

### Uncountable nouns

Bread, cheese, milk and orange juice are uncountable, so no s!

broads choeses milks orange juices Use some (not a/an!) with uncountable

nouns.

▶ I've got some bread. We've got some milk.

The verb is singular with uncountable nouns.

▶ Bread is cheap. This milk is cold.

### 1 Apicnic

Write a, an or some.

- a_____ milk-shake
- some sugar





- _____ sandwich
- 4 _____eggs
- 5 _____jam





_____chocolate

____ biscuit

_ sweets 10

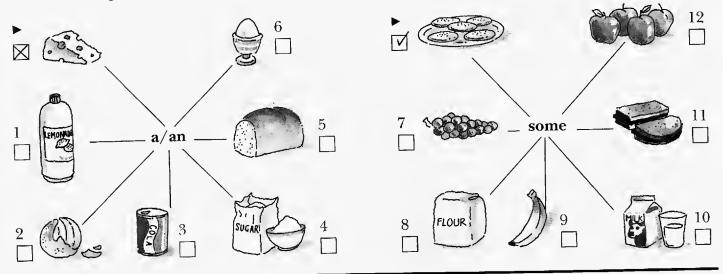
____cherries

12 _____ice-cream



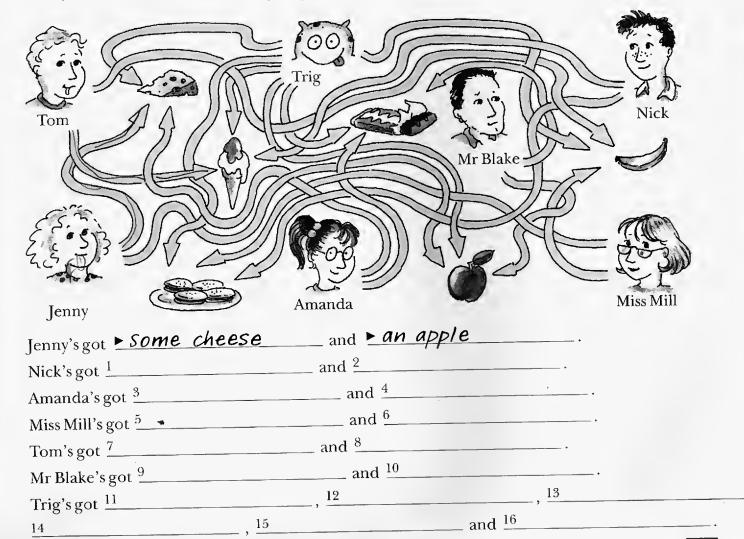
### 2 Right or wrong?

Put a √ for Right and a × for Wrong.



### 3 What have they got?

Use a, an or some to write what they've got.



### 9 I like school Present simple with I, you, we and they

On weekdays Jenny and Nick **get up** at seven thirty. They **walk** to school every day. They **wear** uniforms.



They **go** home at three thirty. Then they **do** their homework – well, not always.

After dinner they watch television. They don't go to bed until nine o'clock.

### Grammar lesson

Present simple with I, you, we and they

I	I	
you   like	you we	do not OR don't like
they	they	

Use the present simple

- 1 for repeated actions, often with time phrases such as on weekdays, every day/week/Saturday:
  - ► On weekdays they **get up** at seven thirty. They **walk** to school every day.
- 2 for facts which do not change:
  - ► The children wear uniforms.
- 3 with verbs such as love, haté, like, dislike:
  - ▶ Idon't like school. I hate Maths.

### 1 Jenny and Nick's day

Put in do (x 2), get up, go (x 2), have (x 2), play, start, walk, watch.

	•
Jenny and Nick ►	get up at seven thirty.
They 1	breakfast at eight.
They 2	to school.
Lessons 3	_ at nine o'clock.
The children 4	lunch at school.
They <u>5</u>	more work after lunch,
or they 6	_ games.
They <u>7</u>	home at three thirty.
Then they 8	their homework
before dinner.	
After dinner they	9 television,
and they 10	to bed at nine o'clock

### 2 Your day

Compare Jenny and Nick's day with your day. Say what you do.

- ► Jenny and Nick get up at seven thirty.

  I get up at seven o'clock. OR

  I get up at seven thirty, too.
- 1 Jenny and Nick have breakfast at eight o'clock.
- 2 They walk to school.
- 3 Their lessons start at nine o'clock.
- 4 They work from nine to one.
- 5 They have lunch at school.
- 6 They play games in the afternoon.
- 7 They go home at three thirty.
- 8 They do their homework before dinner.
- 9 After dinner they watch television.
- 10 They go to bed at nine o'clock.
- 11 They read comics in bed.
- 12 They go to sleep at nine thirty.

### 3 Nick's class

a Say what the pupils like and what they don't like.

	$\odot$	
Maths	5	15
English	14	6
Geography	11	9
History	12	8
Science	10	10
Games	18	2
Music	13	7
Art	16	4

- ► Five pupils like Maths and fifteen pupils don't like Maths.
- b Now say what you like and what you don't like.
  - ► I like English, but I don't like History.

### 4 Hobbies and interests

Say what you do and what you don't do in your free time.

- read magazinesIread magazines.
- ▶ go fishing *I don't go fishing.*
- 1 read books
- 2 watch television
- 3 read comics
- 4 listen to the radio
- 5 collect stamps
- 6 play the piano
- 7 play football
- 8 go swimming
- 9 read newspapers
- 10 collect posters
- 11 collect stickers
- 12 play the guitar
- 13 listen to music
- 14 play basketball•
- 15 go riding
- 16 play tennis

# These sentences are wrong. Correct them like this:

lik	e this:  Dieds flyunderwater	Wrong.	
	Birds fly under water.  Birds don't fly	under	water.
	They fly in the	air.	
1	Pandas live in Africa.		

2	Fish swim in the	air.	 	_	 
		<del></del> .	 		 —

3	Bananas grow in cold countries.	_
		-

4	Kangaroos live in India.

5	Peanuts grow on trees.

6	Penguins live at the North Pole.	

7	Koalas eat fish.

in the ground	leaves
in Australia	at the South Pole
under water	in the air√
in China	in hot countries

### 10 Chip likes ice-creams

Chip likes ice-creams and smelly bones. He buries his bones in the flower beds. He watches cartoons on television.

Unfortunately, he doesn't like Fluff, the neighbours' cat.



He chases her every day!

### Grammar lesson

Present simple with he, she and it

 $\begin{array}{c}
\text{he} \\
\text{she} \\
\text{it}
\end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c}
\text{he} \\
\text{she} \\
\text{it}
\end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c}
\text{does not OR} \\
\text{doesn't like}
\end{array}$ 

Remember the s like**S** after he/she/it! doe**S**n't like

► Chip likes ice-creams and smelly bones. He doesn't like the neighbours' cat.

Add es to ch, o, s, sh and x:

watch he/she/it watches
do he/she/it does
miss he/she/it misses
wash he/she/it washes
mix he/she/it mixes

yafter consonant  $\rightarrow$  ies:

bury he/she/it buries
carry he/she/it carries
try he/she/it tries

do → does /dAz/ go → goes /gəuz/ say → says /sez/

### Present simple with he, she and it

### 1 Make lists

These verbs have got different endings with he/she/it. Write them in three lists.

play√	try	hurry	go	do
watch 🗸	buy	le <b>ä</b> rn	start	teach
carry √	miss	say	dry	fix
see	walk	mix	come	
wash	bury	cry	fry	

S	es	ies
► plays	▶ watches	<u>► carries</u>
, 0		

### 2 Daily timetable

Write your name and the times.

Name	
▶ I get up	at seven thirty
I eat breakfast	at
I go to school	at
I leave school	at
I eat lunch	at
I do my homework	at
I eat dinner	at
I watch television	at
I go to bed	at
I fall asleep	at

Exchange books with a partner. Read out to the class what your partner does, like this:

- ► He/She gets up at seven o'clock.
- ► He/She eats breakfast at seven thirty.

### Chip likes to help

Put in the verbs with the correct endings.

sleep

In summer Chip ► Sleeps in the garden.

wake

He 1 up very early.

bark, make

He  $\frac{2}{2}$  at the birds and  $\frac{3}{2}$  a lot of noise.

do

He  $\frac{4}{2}$  n't like the postman. He sometimes

tear

5 his trousers.

dig

He 6 holes in the flower beds and

bury

7 his smelly bones.

chase

Every day he 8 Fluff, the neighbours' cat,

catch

but he never 9 her.

go

He 10 to the shops with Mrs Bell.

carry

He  $\frac{11}{2}$  her shopping bag or newspapers in

like

his mouth. He 12 shopping. Unfortunately

chew

he  $\frac{13}{1}$  the newspapers, and when he

see, drop run, love

14 a cat he 15 the shopping bag and  $\frac{16}{1}$  off. He  $\frac{17}{1}$  to help!

### 4 Food

Say what they like and what they don't like.

▶ Jenny likes peaches, but she doesn't like plums. Nick likes plums, but he doesn't like peaches. Trig likes peaches and plums. Chip doesn't like peaches or plums.

	Jenny	Nick	Trig	Chip
peaches	<b>/</b>	×	<b>/</b>	×
plums	×	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	×
carrots	<b>✓</b>	×	<b>/</b>	×
spinach	×	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>	×
milk-shakes	<b>/</b>	×	<b>/</b>	×
fizzy drinks	<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>	$\checkmark$	×
eggs	×	×	<b>/</b>	×
pizza	<b>/</b>	×	×	×
steaks	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	×	<b>/</b>
smelly bones	×	×	×	$\checkmark$

### 5 Class game

Have you got a good memory? Play this game round the class. Say what you don't like.

- ► PUPIL A I don't like snakes.
  - PUPIL B A doesn't like snakes, and I don't like spinach.
  - PUPIL C A doesn't like snakes, **B** doesn't like spinach, and I don't like horror films.
  - PUPIL D A doesn't like snakes...

If you don't know the words, ask your teacher.



### 11 Do you like swimming? Present simple in yes/no questions

**Do** you like swimming, Jenny? Yes, I do.

**Does** Nick like swimming? Yes, he **does**. Very much.

And what about Trig? **Does** he **like** swimming?

No, he **doesn't**.

He **doesn't like** water!



### **Grammar lesson**

Present simple in yes/no questions

Do with Does with I, you, we and they he, she and it

$$\mathbf{Do} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{you} \\ \mathbf{we} \\ \mathbf{they} \end{array} \right\} \mathbf{like?} \quad \mathbf{Does} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{he} \\ \mathbf{she} \\ \mathbf{it} \end{array} \right\} \mathbf{like?}$$

Short answers

Do you like fizzy drinks? **Yes, I do.** 

Does Chip like fizzy drinks? **Yes, he does.** 

Does Trig like fizzy drinks? **No, he doesn't.** 



### (1) What do they do?

Put in **Do** or **Does**.

- ► <u>Do</u> Nick and Jenny get up early?
- ► <u>Does</u> Trig like fizzy drinks?
- 1 _____ the children walk to school?
- 2 _____ lessons start at nine o'clock?
- 3 _____ Trig go to school?
- 4 _____ Jenny like school?
- 5 _____ Nick like school?
- 6. _____ they have lunch at school?
- 7 _____ lessons finish at three thirty every day?
- 8 _____ Trig play games?
- 9 _____ the children watch television in the evenings?
- 10 _____ Trig watch space films on television?
- he go to bed at nine o'clock?
- 12 _____ Nick and Jenny go to bed at nine o'clock?
- 13 _____ they read comics in bed?
- 14 _____ they go to sleep at nine thirty?
- 15 _____ Trig go to sleep at nine o'clock?
- 16 _____ he read comics?

### 2 A questionnaire

Make a questionnaire about hobbies and interests. Begin with **Do you** . . . ?

Here are some ideas. Ask about:

**Sports** 

swimming, football, tennis, basketball

Collecting

stamps, posters, stickers

**Musical instruments** 

the piano, the guitar, the violin

Activities at home

television, radio, records, books, comics

Places to go

the cinema, the theatre, the park

## Questionnnaire Sports Do you go swimming? Do you play football? Collecting Do you collect stamps? Musical instruments Do you play the piano?

Now ask your partner the questions.

### 3 About you

Give short answers.

- ▶ Do you like dogs? Yes, I do.
- ▶ Do you like snails? No, I don't.
- 1 Do you like cats?
- 2 Do you play football?
- 3 Do you watch space films on television?
- 4 Do you play computer games?
- 5 Do you buy chewing gum?
- 6 Do you go to bed late?
- 7 Do you spend pocket money on sweets?
- 8 Do you like horror films?
- 9 Do you help with the housework?
- 10 Do you wear glasses?
- 11 Do you go to sleep in lessons?
- 12 Do you ride a bicycle?

Do you like spiders?

13 Do you keep a pet?

14

### 4 Do they like these things?

Ask questions round the class.

- ► PUPIL A Does Jenny like milk-shakes?
  - PUPIL B Yes, she does.
  - PUPIL C Does Nick like peanuts?
  - PUPIL D No, he doesn't.
- Jenny
- milk-shakes, pizza, fizzy drinks, chocolate, sweets
- chewing gum, popcorn, crisps, peanuts
- Nick
- popcorn, chewing gum, chocolate, Coke
- peanuts, pizza, crisps, sweets, ice-lollies

### **5** Class game: guessing jobs

Here are sixteen jobs.

waiter/waitress secretary architect shop assistant electrician teacher TV newsreader carpenter doctor policeman mechanic pilot hairdresser bus driver farmer nurse

Play the game like this:

- a. Choose a job from the list. Mime an action from the job.
- b. The class asks questions about the job with *Do you* . . . ?
- c. Answer: Yes, I do. or No, I don't.
- d. After six questions, the class guesses your job: *Are you a/an...?*

Here are some useful questions:

Do you work with other people?
Do you work indoors/outdoors?
Do you work in an office?
Do you work at night?
Do you help people?

Do you repair things? Do you use languages?

Do you travel?

Write more questions before you start the game.

### 12 What do you do? Questions with what etc.; Prepositions of time





MR BELL

TOM

Do you play a game, Tom?

Yes, of course.

What do you play?

Football. I'm in the school team.

When do you practise?

On Tuesdays and Fridays.

In the afternoon. At four o'clock.

Where do you practise?

At school. Outside in summer and in the gymnasium in winter.

When's the next school match?

**In** June. **On** the tenth.

Good luck.

Thanks!



### Grammar lesson

### Questions with what etc.

Some question words:

what who
what time why
when how
where how often

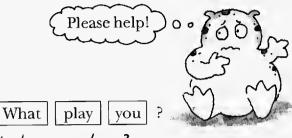
Subject Tom play a game? Does What does he play? practise? When does he practise? does he Where When is the next match?

### Prepositions of time

a month in June in in 1995 a year in winter, in summer a season in the afternoon(s) a time of day in the evening(s) on Tuesday(s) a day on on Saturday afternoon(s) on the tenth (of June) a date a clock-time at four o'clock at a special time at Christmas, at Easter of the year

### 1 What's wrong?

Trig wants to write some sentences with question words, but they are mixed up.



- What do you play?
- 1 do When play you?
- 2 you Where practise do
- 3 How often play do you
- 4 When the team does practise?
- 5 you do like football Why?
- 6 is the When next game ?
- 7 What time does start it
- 8 finish it does When?
- 9 Tom does play How often
- 10 play he does Where?

### 2 Questions, questions!

Complete the questions with Where, When, What, How.

- ▶ Where do you live?
- 1 _____ do you get up?
- 2 _____ do you have for breakfast?
- 3 _____ do you leave home?
- 4 _____ do you go to school?

  By bicycle or by bus?
- 5 _____ do lessons start?
- 6 _____ do you have lunch?

At home or at school?

- 7 _____ do you like best at school?

  Games?
- 8 _____ do you go after school?
- 9 _____ do you do your homework?
  Before or after supper?
- 10 _____ do you do on Saturday and Sunday?
- 11 _____ do you have holidays?
- 12 _____ do you wear to school?
- 13 _____ do you wear for games?
- 14 _____ do you carry your books to school? In a school bag?
- do you want for your birthday?

Now ask a partner these questions.

### 1 What's wrong?

Trig wants to write some sentences with question words, but they are mixed up.



- ► do What play you

  What do you play?
- 1 do When play you?
- 2 you Where practise do
- 3 How often play do you
- 4 When the team does practise?
- 5 you do like football Why ?
- 6 is the When next game
- 7 What time does start it
- 8 finish it does When
- 9 Tom does play How often?
- 10 play he does Where

### 2 Questions, questions!

Complete the questions with **Where**, **When**, **What**, **How**.

- <u>Where</u> do you live?
   1 _____ do you get up?
- 2 _____ do you have for breakfast?
- 3 _____ do you leave home?
- 4 _____ do you go to school?

By bicycle or by bus?

- 5 _____ do lessons start?
- 6 _____ do you have lunch?

At home or at school?

7 _____ do you like best at school?

Games?

- 8 _____ do you go after school?
- 9 _____ do you do your homework?

Before or after supper?

- 10 _____ do you do on Saturday and Sunday?
- 11 _____ do you have holidays?
- 12 _____ do you wear to school?
- do you wear for games?
- 14 _____ do you carry your books to school? In a school bag?

15 _____ do you want for your

birthday?

Now ask a partner these questions.

### 3 Free time activities

A friend does these things. You want to know-more. Ask questions with question words.

- ► I watch television. (When) When do you watch it?
- 1 I read comics. (How often)
- 2 I play games. (What)
- 3 I go out at the weekend. (Where)
- 4 I swim at the pool. (What time)
- 5 I collect things. (What)
- 6 I write to pen-friends. (How often)
- 7 I play football. (Where)

- 8 I take my sister to school. (What time)
- 9 I go to a sports club. (When)
- 10 I watch cartoons on television. (When)
- 11 I take my dog for a walk. (When)
- 12 I go to a youth club. (How often)
- 13 I go to piano lessons. (What time)
- 14 I go shopping. (Where)

### 4 About Tom

a Complete the sentences with in, on or at.

At school Tom likes Games best. That's **on** Tuesdays and Fridays **at** two o'clock. 1 Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays he's glad when school finishes 2 three thirty.

He hates Maths because the teacher gives homework every day. He does the homework in the bus on the way to school!

There is no school  $\frac{3}{2}$  Saturdays, so  $\frac{4}{2}$  the afternoon he goes swimming with his friends.  $\frac{5}{2}$  the evening he watches television or plays with his model railway.

He likes the long school holidays  $\frac{6}{}$  summer and the holidays  $\frac{7}{}$  Christmas and Easter. His birthday is  $\frac{8}{}$  December  $\frac{9}{}$  the twenty-fifth. So he gets a lot of presents  $\frac{10}{}$  Christmas.



- b Now answer these questions about Tom.
  - 1 What does he like best at school?
  - 2 When does he have Games?
  - 3 Why does he hate Maths?
  - 4 Where does he do his Maths homework?
  - 5 When does school finish?
  - 6 Where does he go on Saturday afternoons?
- 7 When does he play with his model railway?
- 8 When are the school holidays?
- 9 When is his birthday?
- 10 Why does he get a lot of presents at Christmas?

### 5 Favourite television programmes

a Look at the list of television programmes and answer the questions.

### Children's programmes 10-15 September

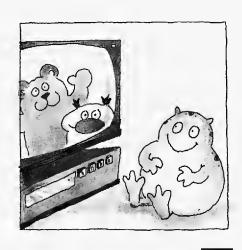
	Monday		Thursday
5.00	Animal World	4.30	The Last Frontier
6.00	Cartoon Time	5.00	Animal World
7.00	Galaxies	6.00	Ghost Train
7.30	Young Detectives	6.30	Freddy
	Tuesday		Friday
4.30	The Last Frontier	5.00	Video Club
5.00	Video Club	6.00	Laserman
6.00	Walton Road	6.30	School's Out
6.30	Freddy	7.30	Friday Cinema
	Wednesday		Saturday
4.30	What's Next	12,00	Junior Scientist
5.30	The Martins	1.00	Questions and Answers,
6.00	Cartoon Time	1.30	Sports World
7.00	Seven Seas	2.30	Space 4000

► When is Animal World?

Animal World is on Mondays and Thursdays at five o'clock.

1	When is Sports World?	10	When is Seven Seas?
2	When is Galaxies?	11	When is Questions and Answers?
3	When is The Last Frontier?	12	When is Freddy?
4	When is Cartoon Time?	13	When is The Martins?
5	When is Friday Cinema?	14	When is Laserman?
6	When is Space 4000?	15	When is School's Out?
7	When is Young Detectives?	16	When is Walton Road?
8	When is What's Next?	17	When is Junior Scientist?
9	When is Video Club?	18	When is Ghost Train?

- **b** Ask three pupils in the class about their favourite television programmes, like this:
  - ► YOU When is your favourite television programme? PUPIL. It's on Wednesdays at seven o'clock.



### 13 Slow down, Trig Imperatives



Don't hit the dustb . . .





... and poor dustbin!

### Grammar lesson

### **Imperatives**

Affirmative Negative

Verb only **Don't** or **Do not** + verb

Slow down. Don't go so fast.

Look out! Don't fall.

Be careful! Don't hit the dustbin.

Use imperatives for orders, warnings, instructions and advice.

### 1 What do they say?





Your teacher

Your mother

Say what your mother or teacher says, like this:

- You don't drink your milk. My mother says, 'Drink your milk.'
- You talk in class. My teacher says, 'Don't talk in class.'
- 1 You don't get up.
- 2 You eat chocolate before lunch.
- 3 You don't clean your teeth.
- 4 You make a noise in class.
- 5 You don't wash your hands before meals.
- 6 You don't eat your vegetables.
- 7 You play loud music on the radio.
- 8 You eat your lunch in class.
- 9 You don't help with the washing up.
- 10 You don't tidy your room.
- 11 You read comics in class.
- 12 You jump on your bed.
- 13 You don't do your English exercises.
- 14 You don't go to bed.
- 15 You play ball in the kitchen.
- 16 You don't make your bed.
- 17 You fight in class.
- 18 You sleep in class.
- 19 You don't feed the goldfish.
- 20 You whistle in class.
- 21 You write letters in class.
- 22 You make paper aeroplanes in class.
- 23 You don't have a bath.
- 24 You hit your brother.
- 25 You watch television all day.

### 2 Class instructions

Complete the teacher's instructions with these verbs and **Don't**, where necessary. Sometimes two or three verbs are possible.

### Use:

answer	find	make	speak
close√	go	open	stand
come	learn	play	talk√
disturb	listen	read	work
eat	look	sit	write

lass.

► Close	your	books
---------	------	-------

-1	•	•
	111	pairs.
	***	Pans.

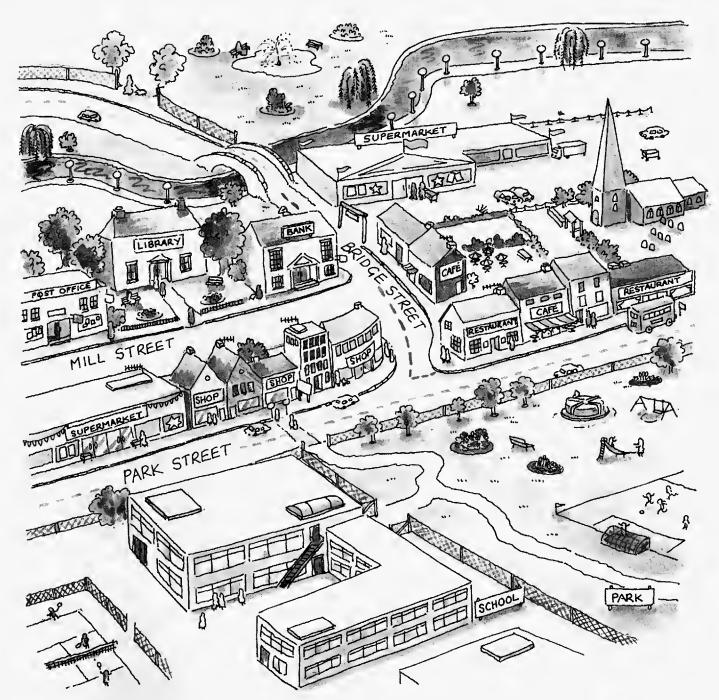
- 2 ______ your books at page 12.
- 3 _____ sweets in class.
- 4 _____ at your neighbour's
- book.
- 5 _____ with a partner.
- 6 _____ to the blackboard.
- 7 _____ sentences with these
- words.
- 8 _____ out of the window.
- 9 _____ the questions.
- 10 _____ down the answer.
- 11 _____ this game.
- 12 _____ the missing words.
- 13 ______ to the cassette.
- 14 _____ down.
- 15 _____ up.
- 16 _____ these new words.
- 17 _____ the other pupils.
- 18 _____ two teams.
- 19 _____ English.
- 20 _____ so much noise.

### 3 Signs

Say what the signs mean. Use these verbs with or without **Don't**:

Use these ve	rbs with or wi	thout <b>Don't</b> :
drink drop litter go park stop  talk	light fires overtake smoke touch turn left	turn right√ go straight on pick flowers play music take photographs
Stop	► Don	n't turn right.
	. 8	
2 3	9	silence
4	11	
5 <b>R</b>	12	
		(S)

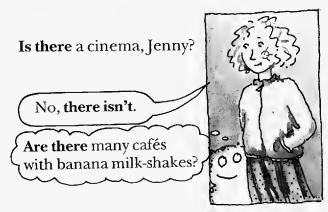
### 14 What is there in Merton? there is/are; Prepositions of place



There's a school in Park Street.

Next to the school there's a small park. There are trees and flowers in the park, and there's also a children's playground.

There are two supermarkets and some other shops. Behind the shops there's a library. It's between the post office and the bank.



#### Grammar lesson

#### there is/are

Singular

There is a school in Park Street.

There's a park next to the school.

There isn't a cinema.

Plural

There are some supermarkets and restaurants.

There aren't many cafés.

**Questions** 

Is there a cinema?

Are there many shops?

Short answers

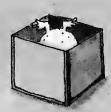
Yes, there is.

No, there isn't.

Yes, there are. No, there aren't.

## Prepositions of place

Where's Trig?



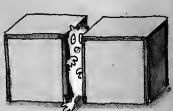
He's in the box.



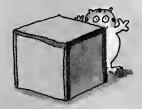
He's on the box.



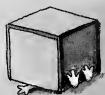
He's next to the box.



He's between two boxes.



He's behind the box.



He's under the box.

#### Merton

Look at the map of Merton again.

Put in there's, there isn't, there are, there aren't, is there or are there.

- ► There's a school in Park Street, and next to the school 1 a small park. In the park  $\frac{2}{}$  a children's playground. 3 two supermarkets and many other shops.  $\frac{4}{6}$  a post office and  $\frac{5}{2}$  a library, too.  $\frac{6}{2}$  some restaurants, but  $\frac{7}{2}$  many cafés.

Unfortunately, 8 a cinema. 9 a sports centre?

No,  $\frac{10}{}$ , but  $\frac{11}{}$  a football pitch in the park.

How many cinemas 12 in your town? How many schools 13 14 _____ a supermarket?

Homework.

Look at this street map of Littletown, near Merton.

/ Br.		RESTAURANT CAR PARK	enced }
	DIR PO	ST OFFICE SHOPS CARAGE  UPERMARKET  LIBRARY  LIBRARY	
	here are these t	SPORTS BANK BOOD  NORTH STREET  SPORTS CENTRE  NORTH STREET  NORTH STREET  NORTH STREET  NORTH STREET  NORTH STREET  NORTH STREET	EET
		Lorent the street, of use next to.	
<b>&gt;</b>	school	There is a school in Wood Street.	
<b>&gt;</b>	houses	There are houses next to the park.	
1	hotel		B
2	restaurant	CAR PA	rk
3	car parks		, i
4	supermarket	CAFE	,
5	sports centre		
6	post office	WOOD STREET	<b>Y</b>
7	bus stops	SCHOOL	)L
8	garage		~
9	shops		<u></u> 3−
10	cafés		
11	library		部
12	banks		

### 3 Where you live

Answer the questions. Say Yes, there is/are. OR No, there isn't/aren't.

- 1 Is there a cinema in your town?
- 2 Is there a park near your home?
- 3 Are there many shops near your home?
- 4 Is there a sports centre in your town?
- 5 Is there a bus stop in your street?
- 6 Are there many blocks of flats in your town?
- 7 Is there a telephone box in your street?

- 8 Are there many trees in your street?
- 9 Are there many office blocks in your town?
- 10 Is there a children's playground near your home?
- 11. Are there many restaurants in your town?
- 12 Are there many cafés in your town?

### 4 Where are Nick's things?

Look at this untidy room. It's Nick's room.



Write where these things are.

•	His socks	are	on	the	lami	D.
	I III O COUNT					

- His comics are on the floor under the desk.
- His books _____
- His guitar ______
- His skateboard _____
- His keys (M)
- His alarm clock _____
- His tennis racket _____
- His shoes _____
- His school bag
- 10 His cap and scarf _____
- His jacket _____ 11
- 12 His radio

#### Use:

in on next to between behind under

basket bed chair cupboard desk doorknob floor podlogo lampa

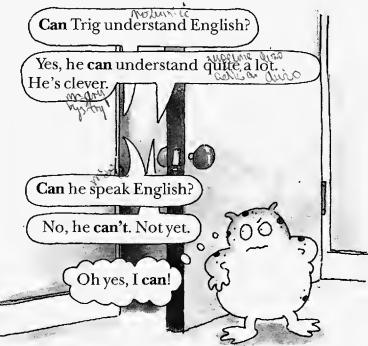
### **Memory game**

Look at the picture of Nick's room again for one minute. Cover the picture. Answer these questions.

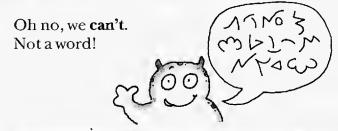
- ▶ Where are his socks? *They're on the lamp.*
- ▶ Where's his suitcase? It's on the floor between the bed and the cupboard.
- Where's Nick's school bag? . 1
- Where's his tennis racket?
  Where's his jacket?
  Where are his books?
- 4 Where's his radio?
- 5 Where are his cap and scarf?

- 8 Where's his skateboard?
- 9 Where's his guitar?
- 10 Where are his keys?

# 15 Can he speak English?

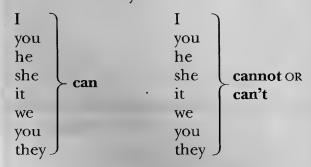


Can you understand Trig's language?



#### Grammar lesson

### can for ability



Questions

Can I?

Can he?

Short answers

Can you speak English? Yes, I can.

Can Trig speak English? No, he can't.

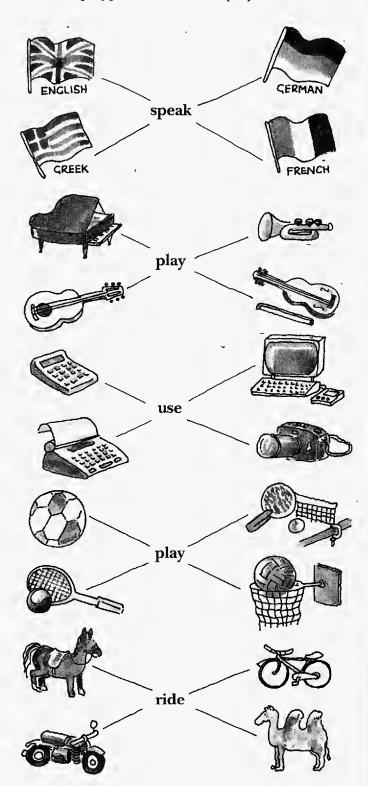
Can you speak his language? No, we can't.

## can for ability

### 1 Things you can do

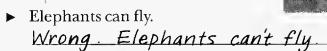
Say what you can and cannot (or can't) do. Make eight sentences.

- ▶ I can speak English but I can't speak French.
- ▶ I can play football and I can play table tennis.



## 2 Can elephants fly?

Which is right and which is wrong? Write sentences. Use **can** or **can't**.



<b>&gt;</b>	Dogs can	swim.		
	Right.	Dogs	can	swim.

1	Penguins can	n swim.
---	--------------	---------

2	Pengu	iins	can	fly.

3	Horses car	ı swim.
0	LIOIDCO CUL	r Divilia

4	Lions	can	climb	trees

5	Elanhanta		an tab	Cab
9	Elephants	can	catch	11811.

C	Dogs		alima b	****
U	DOSS	can	CHIID	trees.
	- 0			

7	Parrots can fly.	·
	Mrono.	,

		- (	
3	Cats	can	fly.

9	Camels can run.	
_	+	

	-		
11	C . : 1		
1 1	Spiders	can	swim.
~ ~	Opracib	CULL	DIVITAL
	<u> </u>	1	

## 3 What can they do?

- a Say what they can and cannot (or can't) do, like this:
  - ► Jenny, Nick and Tom can swim under water. Amanda can't.
- b Now work with a partner. Ask questions and give short answers.
  - ► YOU
    PARTNER

Can you swim under water? Yes, I can. OR No, I can't.

_		Jenny	Nick	Tom	Amand
Са	ın they				
<b>&gt;</b>	swim under water?	<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>	×
1	dive?	<b>/</b>	/	×	<b>/</b>
2	put up a tent?	×	<b>/</b>	×	<b>/</b>
3	row a boat?	×	/	/	<b>/</b>
4	make a camp fire?	×	/	×	/
5	sew on a button?	/	×	×	<b>✓</b>
6	make an omelette?	/	×	/	×
7	tie knots?	×	V	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>
8	do first aid?	/	/	×	<b>/</b>
9	climb a rope?	×	/	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>
10	read a map?	<b>✓</b>	×	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>



## 16 Trig is helping Present continuous

It's Saturday afternoon. What are the Bells doing? Are they working?



The sun's shining. Mrs Bell is hanging the clothes on the line.



It isn't raining today, so Mr Bell is digging in the garden.



Chip's having fun. At the moment he's running after the neighbours' cat.



Jenny and Nick are washing the dishes in the kitchen.



And what's Trig doing now?
Oh, dear! He's helping!
He's hanging the dishes on the line . . .

#### Grammar lesson

#### Present continuous

Make the ing form with the verb + ing :  $do \rightarrow doing$ , work  $\rightarrow$  working, help  $\rightarrow$  helping.

#### But

- 1 take away a final e: shine → shining, have → having
- 2 after one vowel + one consonant, double the consonant: dig → digging, run → running

Use **be** + **ing** form for the present continuous.

Long forms Short forms
I am I'm

I am you're you are he's he is she's she is working working it's it is we're we are you're you are they're they are

I am not working you are not working he is not working I'm not working you aren't working he isn't working

Questions

Am I working? Are you working? Is he working?

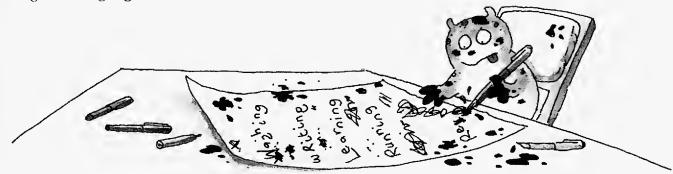
Short answers

Are you working? Yes, I am.
Is she working? No, she isn't.
Are they working? No, they aren't.

Use the present continuous for something that is happening now. Often with now, at the moment, today.

## 1 What is he writing?

Trig is writing ing forms, but what a mess!



Help him, like this:

•	wash <b>Washing</b>	9	eat	20	hit
<b>&gt;</b>	write <u>Writing</u>	10	help	21	look
			put		go
$^{\smallfrown}1$	have	12	read		drop
2	swim	13	get	24	chase
3	take	14	watch	25	walk
4	stop_5. 3i	15	come	26	bake
5	fly	16	learn	27	kick
6	speak	17	catch	28	clap
7	use	18	sit		carry
8	make	19	rain	30	give
			-		4

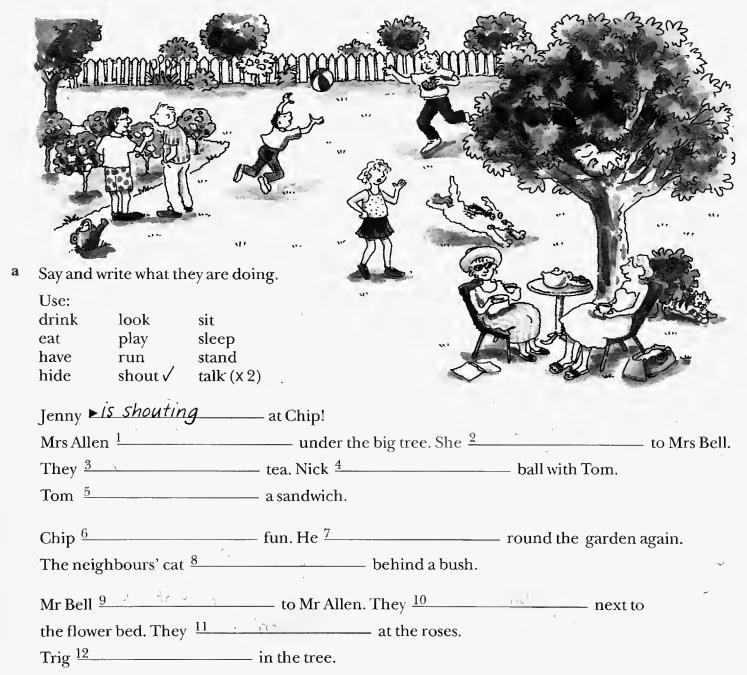
## 2 At home with the Bells

Put in the ing forms.

The Bells are at home today. It isr	n't <u>raining</u> .
The sun's 1	, so
Mrs Bell is 2	the clothes on the line.
The children are 3	the dishes.
Mr Bell is 4	in the garden.
What's Chip 5	
Oh, dear! He's 6 *	
And what's Trig 7	? Oh, no! He's 8
He's 9 the d	lishes on the line.

## 3 What are they doing now?

It's Sunday afternoon. The Allens are visiting the Bells.



#### **b** Now answer these questions.

- ▶ Is Jenny hiding? No, she isn't. She's shouting.
- 1 Are Mrs Allen and Mrs Bell standing?
- 2 Is Chip sleeping?
- 3 Are Nick and Tom sitting under the tree?
- 4 Is the cat running round the garden?
- 5 Is Trig eating a sandwich?
- 6 Are Mr Bell and Mr Allen playing ball?
- 7 Is Tom drinking tea?

#### 4 Trig's first football match

Trig is watching his first football match with Tom. Trig doesn't understand what is happening. Help him to make questions with **Why**. Use words from each box.





is are

they he she

running? holding the ball? 
kicking the ball? 
shouting? 
jumping up and down? 
blowing the whistle? 
sleeping? 
hitting the ball with 
his head? 
clapping? 
singing? 
carrying a player?



9

## 5 Miming game

Think of an action (for example, opening or closing a window).

Mime the action in front of the class. The class now asks questions and you answer like this:

► CLASS Are you cleaning something?

YOU No, I'm not.

CLASS Are you playing a game?

YOU No, I'm not.

CLASS Are you opening a window?

YOU Yes, I am.

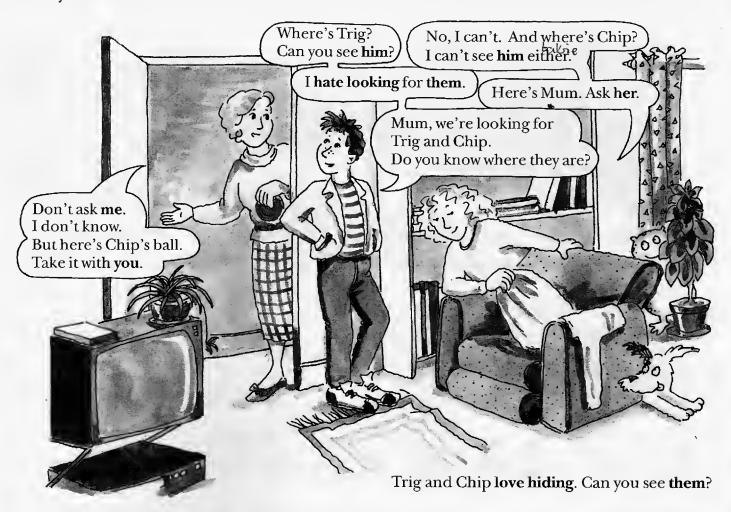
Here are some ideas:

10

playing table tennis/basketball
cleaning your bicycle/shoes/the carpet/
the windows
writing a letter
doing your homework
making your bed/a cake
drawing/painting a picture

# 17 Can you see them?

## Object pronouns; like, love, hate + ing form



## Grammar lesson

### Object pronouns

Subject	Object
pronouns	pronoun
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
we	us
you	you
thev	them

Use object pronouns after verbs and after prepositions.

► I can't see him. Ask her. I hate looking for them. Take the ball with you.

## like, love, hate + ing form

We often use the **ing** form after **like**, **love** and **hate**.

► Chip likes chasing the cat next door. Chip and Trig love hiding. Nick hates doing homework.

### 1 Missing things

Put in me, you, him, her, it, us or them.

JENNY	I can't find my coloured pencils. Have you got <u>► them</u> ?
NICK	No, I haven't. And my cap is missing. Can you see 1
JENNY	Sorry, no, I can't. Amanda's waiting for 2 downstairs.
	Tell 3 I'm looking for my pencils."
NICK	Stupid cap! Who's got 4 ? I'm late for school again.
	Help 5, Jenny!
JENNY	I can't help 6
	Oh, no, my school bag's missing as well! Are you hiding 8 12 ?
NICK	No, I'm not!
JENNY	You're lying. Give it to 9 me.
NICK	I'm telling 10 the truth!
JENNY	Well, Mum's in the kitchen. Ask 11
	Perhaps she can tell 12 where our things are.
NICK	By the way, where's Trig? Can you see 13?
Where a	are the missing things? Do you know who's got 14 ?

## 2 Jenny's list

Look at Jenny's list and answer the questions with him, her, it or them.

- ► Does she like the headmaster? Yes, she likes him.
- ► Does she like Jill and Ben Potter? No, she doesn't like them.
- 1 Does she like Ann Fox?
- 2 Does she like John Green?
- 3 Does she like school meals?
- 4 Does she like Miss Mill?
- 5 Does she like History?
- 6 Does she like exams?
- 7 Does she like the Walker twins?
- 8 Does she like Mr Barker?
- 9 Does she like Kate Robbins?
- 10 Does she like Jimmy Leech?
- 11 Does she like English?
- 12 Does she like Art?

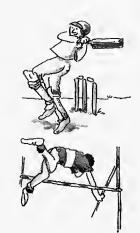
Do you like English?

Jenny Bell	At School.
I like 🛈	I don't like ③
Art	exams
English .	History
Miss Mill	Mr Barker
Ann Fox	John Green
The Walker twins	Jill and Ben Potter
the headmaster	school meals
Jimmy Leech	Kate Robbins
Barrolingha Meta, analahanna a ellinosa Massian en	and the second s

## 3 Sports

Here is a list of Nick's sports favourites.
 Tom likes (✓) some of them but doesn't like (X) others.

	NICK	TOM
female sports star	Steffi Graf	
male sports star	Carl Lewis	X
sports team	Manchester United	X
team sport	football	
individual sport	golf	X
sports cars	Ferraris	<b>√</b>



Your partner's name:

Make sentences about Tom and Nick like this:

- Nick likes Steffi Graf and Tom likes her too.
- Nick likes Carl Lewis but Tom doesn't like him.
- b Make your own list and exchange it with your partner.

Your name:

•.	
female sports star	
male sports star	
sports team	
team sport	
individual sport	
sports cars	a de la
I like Steffi Graf and Tom likes her too.  I like Carl Lewis but Tom doesn't like h	
N 1 k1 - 7. WV	
2 11	MA 5
3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
4 Million ot M. a.	1
5	
6 TOTS INS JUST LATE -	- 1 KIM

## 4 In your free time

Write true sentences about yourself with like, love or hate.

I like drawing	<b>•</b>	dra	awing	
		I	like	drawing

1	swimmin	g
	5.4 1	

_	
2	running

3	going	to th	e th	eatre

4	dancing
1	dancing

5	ŗ	sho	ppir	ıg
---	---	-----	------	----

6	lear	ning	poetry
	See See		

7	playing	the	piano
	r		I

3	paint	ting

9 watching televis	ion
--------------------	-----

0	sin	ging
	DILL	5***5

1	reading	science	fiction
	- ~ 0	~ '	

10			
12	going t	o pop	concerts

13	visiting	museums
----	----------	---------

14	cooking

## 15 playing football

### 5 What do you like?

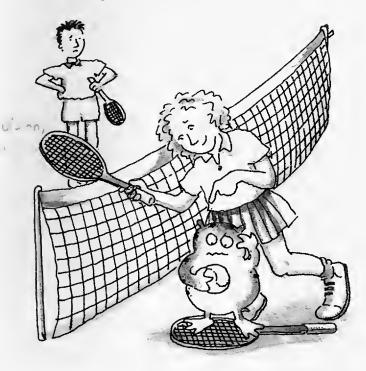
Work with a partner. Ask your partner if he or she likes doing these things. Answer with **love** or **hate**.

#### playing tennis

YOU	Do you like playing tennis?
PARTNER	Yes, I love playing tennis. OR
	No, I hate playing tennis.

#### l doing Maths homework

- 2 travelling
- 3 camping
- 4 buying clothes
- 5 babysitting
- 6 having your hair cut
- 7 going to the dentist
- 8 taking medicine
- 9 staying up late
- 10 getting up early
- 11 fighting
- 12 cleaning your shoes
- 13 going on holiday
- 14 tidying your room
- 15 speaking English
- 16 shopping for food
- 17 telephoning
- 18 writing letters
- 19 cleaning your teeth
- 20 eating in restaurants



# 18 I can, but you mustn't

can for permission; must for necessity



#### Grammar lesson

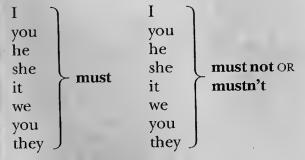
## can for permission

► Can I go to the cinema? No, you can't.

> Can Tom come this afternoon? Yes, he can.

Can he stay till midnight? No, he can't!

#### must for necessity



No s with he/she/it. No to after must.

► I've got a cold. I must stay in bed today. You must tidy your room.

I mustn't forget to tidy my room. You mustn't go out with a cold.

## 1 Can you or can't you?

Ask permission with **Can I...?** Then give the probable answer.

You want to ...

- ...go to see a horror film.Ask your father.Can I go to see a horror film?No, you can't!
- 1 ... invite ten friends to lunch. Ask your mother.
- 2 ... go camping in the woods. Ask your mother.
- 3 ... have some extra English homework. Ask your teacher.
- 4 ... eat sweets in bed. Ask your dentist.
- 5 ... cook lunch on Sunday. Ask your mother.
- 6 ... go swimming with a bad cold. Ask your doctor.
- 7 ... wash the car. Ask your father.
- 8 ... have more pocket money. Ask your mother.
- 9 ... watch television until midnight. Ask your father.
- 10 ...do this exercise again. Ask your teacher.

2	Ask	your	partner
---	-----	------	---------

You want to borrow some things from your partner. Ask him or her, like this:

pencil

YOU Can I borrow your pencil, please? Yes, you can. OR No, you can't. PARTNER

- 1 ruler
- 7 dictionary
- 2 pen
- 8 felt pen
- 3 rubber
- 9 coursebook
- 4 pencil sharpener 10 sticky tape
- 5 scissors
- 11 atlas
- 6 grammar book
- 12 glue

#### Classroom rules

Put in We must or We mustn't. Make true sentences.

- We must sit still.
- We mustn't jump on the desks.
- fight. 1
- 2 _____ do what the teacher says.
- go to sleep. 3
- be quiet. 4
- _____ play football. 5
- look at the blackboard.
- eat crisps.
- ____ draw on the desks. 8
- _____ listen to the teacher. 9
- give answers. 10
- _____read comics. 11
- make a lot of noise. 12
- 13 look at the teacher.
- 14 jump out of the windows.
- 15 _____ listen to Walkmans.
- 16 ______ write letters to friends.

#### 4 Necessity

Put in must or mustn't.

- ► Trig, you *mustn't* squirt your water pistol at people.
- 1 It's a secret. You ______ tell Jenny or Amanda.
- 2 Shhh. Dad's asleep. We ______ be quiet.
- 3 Nick, you _____ spend all your pocket money at once.
- 4 We ______ write to Grandmother. It's her birthday tomorrow.
- 5 Trig, you _____ squirt toothpaste at Chip.
- 6 I forget my homework again. Mr Blake gets angry.
- 7 You test teat so much, Trig. You are too fat.
- 8 Chip, you chase Fluff. She's a sweet little cat.
- 9 You really ______ tidy your room, Nick. I can't open the door!
- 10 Chip, you tear the postman's trousers.
- 11 Chip, you bury your bones in the flower beds.
- 12 It's six o'clock. I _____ go home now, Jenny.
- 13 Nick, you _____ say 'Shut up' to adults.
- 14 Trig, you _____ learn some new English words every day.
- 15 Trig, you're dirty. You really have a bath!

## 19 How much milk? some, any; how much, how many

Nick and Jenny want to make a cake for their school party.

JENNY We need some sugar, some

flour, some eggs, some butter

and some milk.

NICK Milk? We haven't got any!

How much milk?

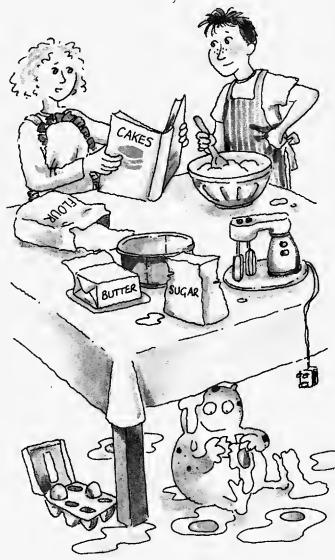
JENNY Not much. But we can use

water.

NICK Well, at least we've got some

water! And how many eggs do we need? Have we got any?

Where are they?



Ask Trig!

#### Grammar lesson

#### some and any

- 1 Use **some** and **any** with plurals and with uncountable nouns.
  - ► We've got some lemons.

    We've got some butter.

    We haven't got any eggs.

    We haven't got any milk.

    Have we got any apples?

    Have we got any sugar?
- 2 Use some in affirmative sentences.
  - We need some eggs.
    We've got some water.
- 3 Use any in negative sentences.
  - ► We haven't got any eggs. There isn't any milk.
- 4 Use any in most questions.
  - ► Are there any eggs?

    Have we got any milk?

### how much and how many

- 1 Use **how much** with uncountable nouns.
  - ► How much milk have we got? How much flour is there?
- 2 Use **how many** with countable nouns.
  - How many eggs have we got?
    How many lemons are there?

### 1 Making a cake

Put in some or any.

Jenny and Nick want to make a chocolate cake. They've got ▶ Some flour.

Is there 1 ma	rgarine or butter,
Nick?	37/13
\(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\frac{1}	2 3
17	ZIRN
There isn't $\frac{2}{}$	margarine, but \
there's 3	butter in the fridge.

They've got 4	sugar, but what else
do they need? Well, t	they need 5 ·
eggs and 6	milk. Unfortunately,
they haven't got 7	milk, but at
least they've got 8	water! And have
they got 9	cocoa? Oh, dear. There
isn't 10 to	

## 2 Memory game

Look at the things on the kitchen table for one minute. Close the book.

Name what's on the table. Use a, an or some.

▶ some meat, a banana, some cherries . . .



## 3 Is there any?

Look at the picture in Exercise 2 again. Ask a partner questions with any. The partner answers with some or any, like this:

► rice?

YOU Is there any rice?
PARTNER Yes, there's some rice.

► oranges?

7

YOU Are there any oranges?
PARTNER No, there aren't any oranges.

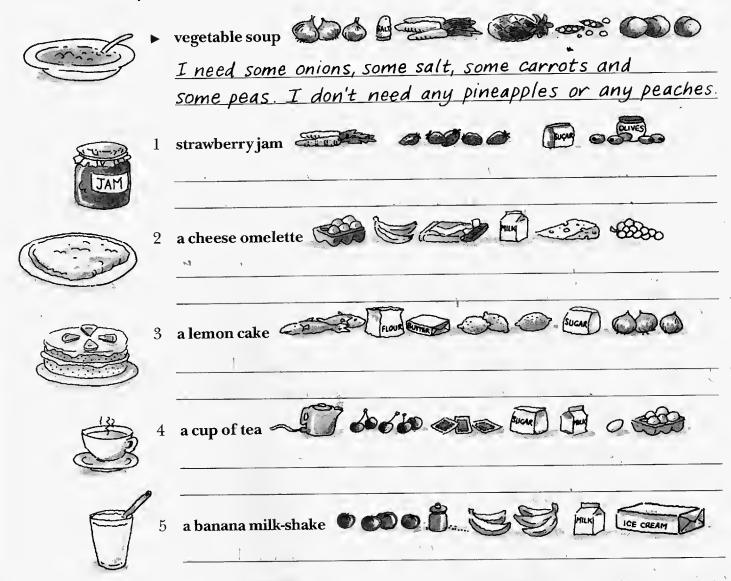
1 coffee?
2 bread?
3 cheese?
4 apples?
5 orange juice?
9 tomatoes?
11 tea?
12 chocolate?
13 cherries?

potatoes? 14 sugar? milk? 15 grapes?

meat? 16 dates?

### 4 More cooking

You want to make these things. Write what you need and what you don't need. Use **some** and **any**.



#### 5 Interview

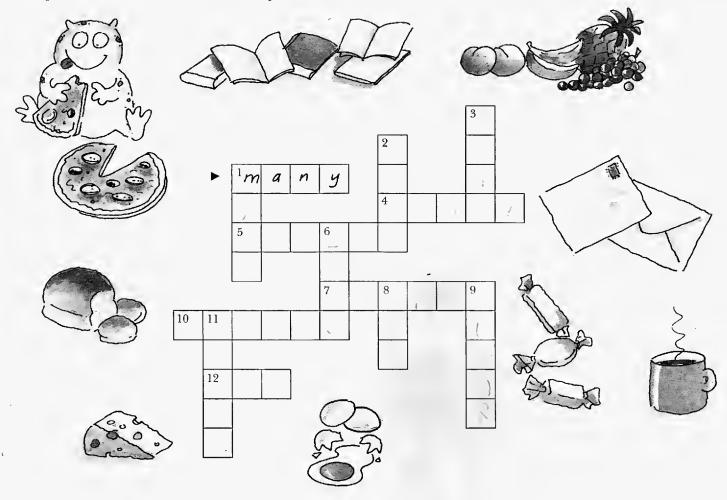
Ask a partner some questions. Begin them with **How much** or **How many**.

- ▶ pocket money do you get every week? How much pocket money do you get every week?
- ▶ brothers and sisters have you got?

  How many brothers and sisters have you got?
- 1 money do you spend every week?
- 2 comics do you buy in a year?
- 3 money do you save every week?
- 4 sweets do you buy every week?
- 5 chocolate do you eat every week?
- 6 milk or cocoa do you drink every day?
- 7 pets have you got?
- 8 pen-friends have you got?
- 9 letters do you write every week?
- 10 time do you spend on homework every day?

#### 6 Puzzle

Complete the sentences to solve the puzzle.



#### Across

- 1 How <u>many</u> books have you got?
- 4 They are poor. They haven't got much
- 5 We need some ______ to make a pizza.
- 7 I want some fruit. Have you got any
- Nick's got a toffee and a bar of chocolate but Jenny hasn't got any_____.
- 12 How much ______ do you drink every day?

#### Down

- 1 How rain falls in England every year?
- 2 He is hungry. He wants _____ bread.
- 3 She is late. She hasn't got much
- 6 We haven't got any _____ We can't make an omelette.
- 8 They haven't got_____ stamps.
  I can't post my letter.
- 9 I always like some in my coffee.
- 11 Jenny is thirsty. She wants some_____

# 20 How often do you help?

How often do you help in the

house, Nick?

**AMANDA** 

NICK Oh, I often do things. I tidy

my room three times a week.

JENNY That's a lie. You never tidy

your room. You are always too

busy. Mum does it every

Monday.

NICK That's not fair, Jenny!

I sometimes do it – at least

twice a year.



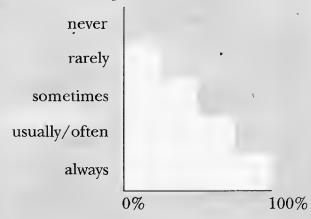
## Adverbs of frequency

#### **Grammar lesson**

## Adverbs of frequency

Adverbs of frequency tell us how often something happens.

never, often, always etc.



We put never, often, always etc.

- 1 before a full verb:
  - ► You never tidy your room.

    I often do things in the house.

Mum always does it.

- 2 after the verb be:
  - ➤ You are always too busy!

#### once a week, every Monday etc.

How often do you tidy your room? once a week twice a week three times a week every Monday

Also: once an hour/a month/a year; every morning/night/year/Christmas etc.

Look where they usually stand in the sentence.

► I tidy my room once a week.

Mum tidies your room every Monday.

#### 1 Tell the truth!

Put in never, rarely, sometimes, usually, often or always.

► I never do bad things!



- 1 I lose things.
- 2 I _____ do my English homework.
- 3 I _____ borrow money.
- 4 I ______ break things.
- 5 I ______ fight.
- 6 I help my parents.
- 7 I _____ make a mess in my room.
- 8 I _____spend all my pocket money.
- 9 I ______go to bed late.
- 10 I _______ tell the truth.

## 2 Tell the truth – again!

Write the sentences, putting in never, rarely, sometimes, usually, often or always.

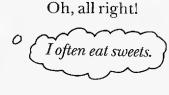
► I eat sweets.

I never eat sweets.









1	I read comics in bed.
	N. i.
2	We go camping at weekends.
	· Liend!
3	I buy chewing gum.
	r P. Mirry
4	We go to the zoo.
	( ,
5	I buy cassettes.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6	I go to pop concerts.

8	I play basketball.	, I
	assetul.	

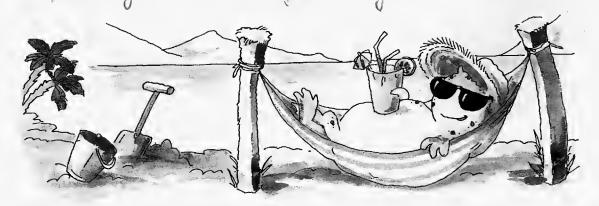
9	I forget things.			
	الله عني .	· ·	j	7
	/			

10	We watch television.	111	1. 1. 6. 64 54
	. 1 1 .		i
	HUT	1.111	

## **Holidays**

Copy the sentences but put in the words in brackets ().

- The Bells go on holiday in August. (always) The Bells always go on holiday in August.
- The weather is good. (usually) The weather is usually good.
- They stay in England. (rarely)
- They drive to Scotland or Wales. (sometimes)
- In August there is a lot of traffic on the roads. (often)
- They go to Greece or Spain. (sometimes)
- In August the weather is wonderful there. (usually)
- They take the car abroad. (never)
- Before the holidays Nick and Jenny are excited. (always)
- Chip goes with them to Scotland or Wales. (always)
- When they go abroad, he stays with the Allens or with the Todds. (usually) the interest of the interest o
- But unfortunately he isn't a good dog. (always)



## 4 How often do you...?

Write answers to these questions. Use:
once (or twice or three times) with
a day, a week, a month, a year
every with
morning, day, evening, week, year

How often do you . . .

- wash your face? I wash my face three times a day.
- 1 comb your hair?
- 2 wash your hair?
- 3 brush your teeth?
- 4 have a bath or a shower?

- 5 clean your shoes?
- 6 have a haircut?
- 7 go to the dentist's?
- 8 buy presents for your parents?
- 9 get presents?
- have school holidays?

## 5 Class game

a. Write an action on a strip of paper, like this:

I clean my shoes

b. Fold the paper so that your action is at the back, like this:



c. Exchange papers with a partner. Don't read what's on the paper!

- d. Now write, for example, once a year, twice a week three times a month, ten times a day.
- e. Read the sentences to the class.

  Possible sentences:

I clean my shoes once a year.

I clean my shoes tentimes a day.

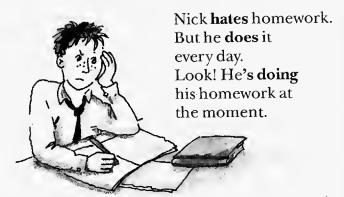
# 21 Tom plays football

## Present simple or continuous? let's

Let's talk about Tom.



Let's talk about Nick.



And I love chasing that stupid cat next door. I chase her every day. But look! I'm not chasing her just now...



0

#### **Grammar lesson**

## Present simple or continuous?

1 We use the present simple for repeated actions – things that happen (or don't happen) many times or all the time.

We often use it with always, never, once a week, every day etc.

► We do homework every day. Tom usually plays football four times a week.

We also use it for facts which do not change.

- ▶ Nick hates homework.
- We use the present continuous for something that is happening at the moment of speaking.

We often use it with now, at the moment, just now.

► Look! Tom's playing football now. Nick's doing his homework at the moment. Chip isn't chasing Fluff just now.

#### let's

We use let's (or let us) for a suggestion.

► Let's talk about Tom. Let's watch.

## 1 What are they? What are they doing?

Look at the pictures.

Write and say what the people are and what they are doing. Use the words in the list.

a nurse √ boys a reporter a doctor a farmer pilots dancers a policeman astronauts



She is a nurse.
She is eating.



1 4



2



3





5



6



7 1



8

### It's the wrong day

It's Tuesday. Mr and Mrs Bell are doing things today that they usually do on other days. Write what they are doing, and when they usually do it.

## MR BELL MRS BELL plays chess ✓ Wednesdays Mondays does the shopping writes letters **Thursdays** goes to her art class Wednesdays **Fridays** plays golf does the ironing Thursdays Saturdays mows the lawn **Fridays** washes her hair washes the car Saturdays Sundays plays tennis He's playing chess today, but 5 he usually plays on Wednesdays. 1 2

#### 3 Zoe and Anna

You and your partner read about Zoe.
 Ask your partner ten questions about Zoe.
 Use the present simple and the present continuous.

► YOU Is she studying English in Greece?

PARTNER No, she isn't. She's studying

English in England.

YOU Does she like speaking English?

PARTNER Yes, she does.



This is Zoe. She is from Greece. She is thirteen years old. She is studying English in England. She likes England and she likes speaking English. She's got a lot of English books.

She doesn't like music. She plays volleyball.

It is raining today. Zoe and Jenny are speaking English in the house. Zoe is making mistakes. They are laughing.

b Now you and your partner read about Anna. Your partner asks you ten questions about Anna.



This is Anna. She is from Greece. She is thirteen years old. She is visiting England with her class. She doesn't like England. She hates speaking English. She hasn't got any English books.

She plays tennis. She plays the piano.

It isn't raining today. Anna and Amanda are playing tennis in the park. Anna is losing. She is making mistakes. She isn't laughing She isn't having fun.

#### 4 Let's...

Make suggestions with Let's. Use:

go swimming ✓ read them in bed put on the light ask her hurry play football close the window chase Chip

look for him have something to drink watch television make some sandwiches

go by bus

<b>&gt;</b>	It's very hot today.
	It's very hot today
1	
	I'm hungry.
2	It's raining. We can't play outside.
	1,1
3	It's dark in here.
4	It's nice weather today.
	Le my mill.
5	It's cold in here.
	415 000
6	I'm thirsty.
	I'm thirsty.
7	We're late for school.
`	•
8	Trig is hiding.
9,	v
\	<u>('''' '''' '''' '''' '''' '''' '''' ''</u>
10	Here's Mum.
	٠,
11	Chip's chasing the cat.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12	Here are some comics.

#### 22 Was Nick ill? Past simple of be and have



Hello, Mr Blake. I'm phoning NICK

about Nick Bell. He wasn't at school yesterday. He was ill.

Oh, dear. Was he in bed? MR BLAKE

Yes, he was. He had a sore NICK

throat and a headache.

Did he have a temperature, MR BLAKE

too?

No, he didn't have NICK

> a temperature, but he had a sore toe, a sore finger and

toothache as well!

Oh, did he? Who is that MR BLAKE

speaking, please?

This is my father. NICK



#### Grammar lesson

#### Past simple of **be**

I was I was not or wasn't was I? you were not or weren't were you? you were he was not or wasn't was he? he was was she? she was she was not or wasn't it was it was not or wasn't was it? were we? we were we were not OR weren't you were not or weren't were you? you were they were they were not or weren't were they?

Also:

there was there was not or wasn't there were not or weren't there were

was there? were there?

Short answers

Was Nick ill? Yes, he was. Was he really ill? No, he wasn't.

## Past simple of have

I you you he he she did not OR didn't have she had it it we we you you they they Short answers Questions Did you have a temperature? Did I have?

Yes, I did. OR No, I didn't.

Yes, he did. OR No, he didn't.

Did your brother have a headache?

He had a sore throat yesterday.
 Did he have a temperature, too?
 No, he didn't have a temperature.

Learn also:

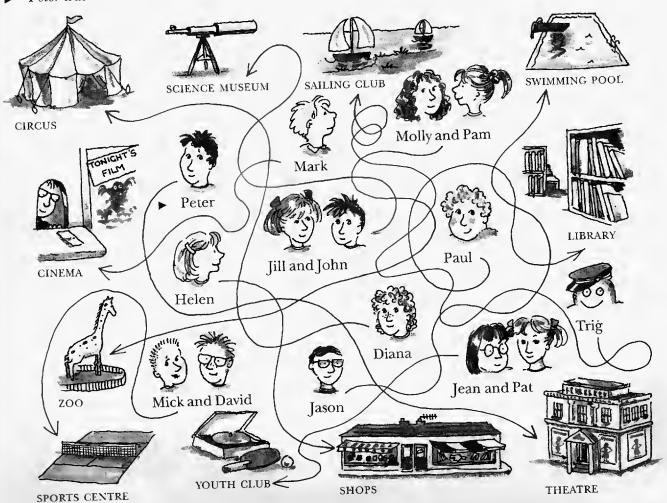
have breakfast, lunch, supper, a meal, a shower, a bath

Where were they yesterday?

Say where they were. Use was or were.

Peter was at the theatre.

Did he have?



## Famous people quiz

Say who they were. Use was or were.

- Albert Einstein was a scientist.
- George Washington and John F. Kennedy were US presidents.







Beethoven

Columbus

John F. Kennedy

Picasso



Charlie Chaplin





Elvis Presley

**US** presidents composers scientist artists inventor explorer writer poets film actor singer philosophers



Van Gogh



George Washington.





Agatha Christie



Mozart



Plato



Albert Einstein



Marconi



Socrates

#### 3 Yesterday

Put in have, had or didn't have.

- Nick didn't go to school yesterday.
  Did he <u>have</u> a temperature?
- Yes, poor boy. He <u>had</u> a sore toe and a sore finger as well.
- 1 Did Nick ______ a headache and a sore throat vesterday?
- 2 Yes, and he _____ toothache as well.
- 3 What time did Nick and Jenny _____ breakfast?
- 4 Nick wasn't hungry, so he _____a big breakfast.
- 5 Jenny a shower. It was too late.
- 6 Trig was rather late with breakfast, too.

He ______ it at two-thirty.

- 7 He———— a shower, because he hates water.
- 8 When did Trig ____ lunch yesterday?
- 9 He _____ hunch at four o'clock and he _____ another snack at five o'clock.
- 10 The family _____ supper at seven o'clock, as usual.
- 11 Did Jenny a bath at nine o'clock?
- 12 Trig _____ a midnight snack in bed, as usual.



#### 4 Question time

- a Write short answers.
  - ► Were you at school yesterday?

    Yes, I was or No, I wasn't
  - ► Did you have a big breakfast this morning? Yes, I did. or No, I didn't.
  - 1 Were you at home yesterday?
  - 2 Were you ill?
  - 3 Were your friends at school yesterday?
  - 4 Was your father at work yesterday?
  - 5 Were there any letters for you yesterday?
  - 6 Was there a parcel for you?
  - 7 Did you have lunch at home yesterday?
  - 8 Was there a football match on television yesterday?
  - 9 Was your favourite programme on television last night?
  - 10 Did you have a bath last night?
  - 11 Did you have cornflakes for breakfast this morning?
  - 12 Were you late for school this morning?
- **b** Now ask a partner these questions.

#### 23 Did Trig help? Past simple of regular verbs; ago

A few days ago Trig wanted to NICK

> work in the garden. First he watched Dad. Then he filled the watering-can and carried it to the flower-beds. Dad was so pleased. He **stopped** his digging and smiled. But he

**didn't smile** for long. . . .

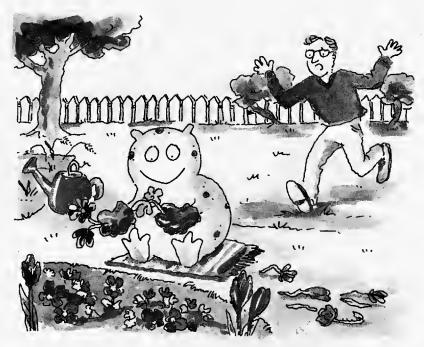
Oh, dear. Did Trig 'help' TOM

again?

Oh, yes. He certainly **tried**. NICK

He pulled up all the flowers

and watered the weeds!



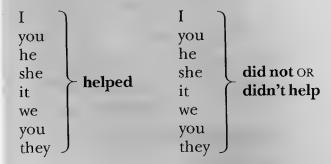
#### Grammar lesson

## Past simple of regular verbs

Most verbs are regular. Add ed or d to the base form for the past simple affirmative: help → helped smile → smiled

After did, did not or didn't, use only the base form.

Trig wanted to help in the garden. Did he help? Dad didn't smile for long.



Questions

Did I help? Did he help?

Short answers

Yes, I did. Did you help? Did they help? No, they didn't. We use the past simple for actions that started and finished in the past. We often use them with a time expression.

► A few days ago Trig wanted to work in the garden. First he watched Dad.

Spelling

- try → tried carry → carried (yafter a consonant  $\rightarrow$  ied.)
- 2 stop $\rightarrow$ stopped plan $\rightarrow$ planned . (One-syllable verbs ending in one vowel + one consonant double the consonant.)

ago

An hour ago means 'an hour before now'. Look where **ago** stands.

▶ It's six o'clock. Tom arrived an hour ago. (= at five o'clock)

Also: a week ago, three days ago, two years/months ago, a few minutes/hours ago.

## Make lists

Write the past simple forms of these verbs. Put them in the correct lists.

love ✓ hate help ✓ walk stop pull up try water	tidy fill arrive carry drop hurry	bury plan want dance smile dry shop cry	study clap like empty
d	ed	ied	double consonant + <b>ed</b>
► loved	► helped		·
	1		
		1	<u> </u>
	1		
1			

# 2 A busy week

Say and write what the Bells did last week.

<b>&gt;</b> 1	mend the fence	MR BELL	8	dust the rooms	JENNY
	Mr Bell mended the fen	NICK	9	paint the bathroom	MRS BELL
1	oil his bicycle		10	cook a cheese omelette	JENNY
2	wash the car	MRS BELL	10		<u> </u>
3	study for a Maths test	JENNY	11	work for a History exam	NICK
4	clean the windows	MR BELL	12	bake some cakes	MRS BELL
5	tidy the bedrooms	MRS BELL	13	help in the garden	TRIG
6	empty all the rubbish bin	NICK	1	water the weeds	TRIG
7	ll bana	CHIP		(-	

#### 3 Famous people

- a Who was it? Write in the correct names from the list.
  - Grace Kelly _____ lived in America and Monaco. She acted in films. She married a prince. She died in 1982. lived in England and America. He composed many famous songs. He died in 1980. lived in England and America. He acted in funny films. He died in 1977. lived in America. He created Mickey Mouse. He died in 1966. lived in Italy. He painted the 'Mona Lisa'. He died in 1519. lived in Russia. She danced in ballets. 5 She died in 1931. lived in Egypt. She ruled the Egyptians. She died 2,000 years ago. Anna Pavlova Cleopatra Grace Kelly ✓ Walt Disney John Lennon Leonardo da Vinci Charlie Chaplin Now correct these wrong statements. Walt Disney lived in England. He didn't live in England. He lived in America. Anna Pavlova acted in films. She didn't act in films. She danced in ballets. Cleopatra lived in France.

John Lennon died in 1970.

Walt Disney created Asterix.

4	Anna Pavlova lived in Spain.		,
5	Grace Kelly danced in ballets.		
6	Anna Pavlova died in 1920.	•	
7	Charlie Chaplin painted the 'Mona Lisa'.		
8	Cleopatra died in 1975.		
9	Charlie Chaplin lived in Russia.		
10	John Lennon directed films.	•	
11	Leonardo da Vinci created Mickey Mouse.	· (	
12	Walt Disney composed songs.		

#### 4 Did she? Did he?

With a partner, ask or answer ten questions about the famous people in Exercise 3. Give short answers.

- ► Did Grace Kelly live in Monaco? Yes, she did.
- ▶ Did Walt Disney die in 1519? *No, he didn't.*

### 5 What about you?

Answer the questions with ago.

- ► When was your birthday?

  About three months ago. OR Two weeks ago.
- 1 When was your best friend's birthday?
- 2 When did you learn to swim?
- 3 When did you get your first bicycle?
- 4 When did you start school?
- 5 When was your last visit to the zoo?
- 6 When did you get your last pocket money?
- 7 When was the last school holiday?
- 8 When was your last English test?
- 9 When did you last go to the dentist's?
- 10 When did you get your watch?

#### Past simple of irregular verbs 24 Nick lost his money

Nick can't find his money.

Well, where did you go yesterday? **JENNY** 

I went to the sports shop on NICK

the bus. I bought some new

wheels for my skateboard.

Perhaps you left your money JENNY

in the bus.

No, I didn't. I paid for the wheels. NICK

Perhaps you lost it in the shop. **JENNY** 

No, I didn't lose it in the shop. NICK

Did you spend it all on a **JENNY** 

present for me ...?

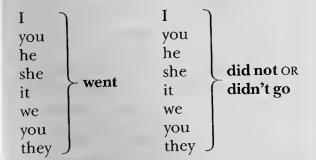


### Grammar lesson

## Past simple of irregular verbs

In the past simple, irregular verbs have special affirmative forms. You must learn these forms. There is a list at the back of this book.

We make the negative and the question forms with did not or didn't and did . . . + base form, as for regular verbs.



Questions Did I go? Did he go?

Short answers

Yes, I did. Did you go? No, he didn't. Did he go?

#### **Pairs**

Find and write ten pairs.

Base form ►lose		Past simple		
1030		77031		
per .			-	
Nas				
,				
			*	
lose√ fou	ınd	paid	come	
sing give		gave	build	

pay

left

spend

**built** 

bought

ebuy 🧳

leave

ran

came

spent

sang

~run

find 🗸

went

lost ✓

go

## 2 More pairs

Find and say pairs.

- ▶ make, made
- ▶ get, got

	Base form	Past simple		Base form	Past simple
a	make 🇨	fell	b	dig-	did
	get	brought		drink∜	stood
	fly	broke		think♥	was
	break ♥	sat		do- V	told
	fall	swam		tell T	had
	bring *	- got		stand ∤	began
	write $\sqrt{}$	wrote		be	thought
	take 7	took		have y	knew
	sit	flew		know 🍹	dug
	swim	`made		begin 🏋	drank
	see V	ate			
	eat	saw			

## 3 A summer holiday

Put in the past simple forms. Use all the verbs from Exercise 2a, like this:

Last year the Bells ightharpoonup flew to Greece on holiday. They ightharpoonup 1 the Parthenon and many other buildings and they ightharpoonup 2 a lot of Greek food.

They ightharpoonup 3 on the beach in the sun and ightharpoonup 4 in the warm sea.

Nick and Jenny ightharpoonup 5 some

Greek friends. They ightharpoonup 6 a lot of postcards to their friends in England and they ightharpoonup 7 a lot of photographs.

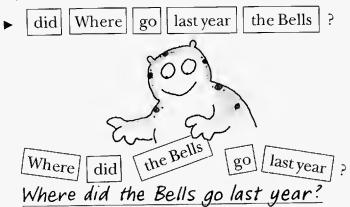
They all ightharpoonup 8 sunburned.

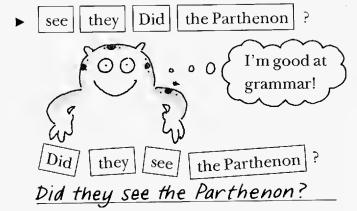
Unfortunately Mr Bell ightharpoonup 9 down the hotel steps and ightharpoonup 10 home many other souvenirs as well.



## 4 Trig can do it. Can you?

Try to write correct sentences.





- 1 they sit Did on the beach?
- 2 What they eat did
- 3 do What did on the beach Nick and Jenny?
- 4 they Did get sunburned?
- 5 postcards many Did write they
- 6 Did take photographs they
- 7 Where they swim did?
- 8 did What Mr Bell break
- 9 fall Where he did ?
- 10 Did bring home he other souvenirs?

## 5 Your holidays

a

<b>&gt;</b>	How many presents or souvenirs did you buy? I bought two presents for	
	my best friends, Jane and Sarah.	
1	When did you last go on holiday?	
2	How did you travel? By car or by train?	
3	Did you fly?	
4	Where did you go?	
5	Where did you stay? In a hotel or with friends?	
6	Did you go with your parents?	
7	What did you do during the day?	
8	What did you do in the evenings?	_
9	What did you see?	
0	Did you write postcards to your friends at home?	
1	How much money did you spend?	
.2	Did you make new friends?	
_	274 you make her memas.	
3	What did you eat?	

b Now give a short answer where suitable.

#### 25 What's Trig going to do? be going to

Look, there's Trig. What's he **JENNY** 

going to do?

He's got the lawn mower. He's NICK going to mow the lawn. And look at those clouds! It's going

to rain.



Look. He isn't going to mow **JENNY** 

the lawn. He's pushing the lawn mower into the house.

Oh no! Is he going to mow NICK

the carpets?

#### **G**rammar lesson

### be going to

Use be going to + base form for a future intention or plan.

Iam you are he is she is it is we are you are they are

going to mow the lawn.

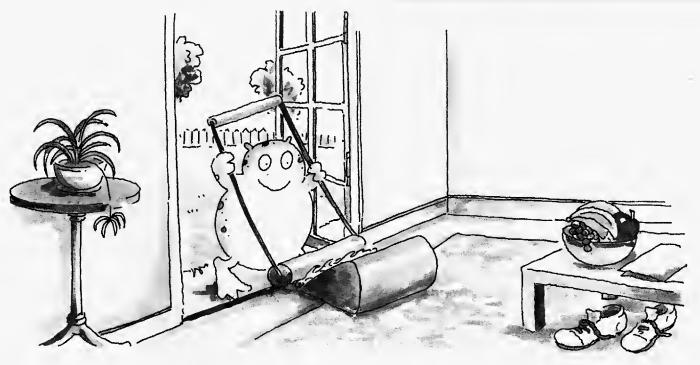
I am not OR I'm not going to mow the lawn.

Are you going to mow the lawn?

Short answers

Is he going to mow the carpet? Yes, he is. OR No, he isn't.

- Use be going to for a prediction, when something in the present tells us about the future.
  - ▶ Look at those black clouds! It's going to rain.



## 1 What are they going to do?

Jenny can't find Chip.

Mr Bell can't start the car.

Nick's got a toothache.

12

13

14

Match sentences from the two columns. Then write new sentences with **be going to**.

<b>•</b>	Mr Bell is hot.
1	Chip's thirsty.
2	Jenny's tired.
3	Mrs Bell's ill.
4	Nick's bored.
5	Chip and Trig are hungry.
6	Mr Todd's cold.
7	Amanda and Mrs Todd are wet.
8	Tom can't do his homework.
9	It's dark. Tom can't see.
0 ]	It's loud. Mrs Todd can't hear.
1	Tom's got a broken leg.

go to bed early
watch television
have a drink
ask his mother
look for him in the garden
have a cold shower
put on the light
turn down the radio
miss the next football match
get some food from the fridge
have a hot bath

have a hot bath see his dentist dry their clothes take some tablets telephone the garage

He's going to have a cold shower.

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		~
,		
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	with the state of the	(
!	cl. thes.	
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	in type	
	A profession of the second of the second	
- A - X	100	

#### 2 At the weekend

Say what you are going to do, or are not going to do, at the weekend.

- visit a friendI'm going to visit a friend.
- ▶ wash my hair
  I'm not going to wash my hair.

tidy your room? sleep late? watch television? phone your friends? visit an aunt or uncle? drive to the sea? help in the house? play computer games? sit in the sun? play football? write letters? go shopping?

#### 3 Future plans

These pupils already have plans for their future jobs. Match what they like or can do with what they are going to do. Then write new sentences with **be going to**.

- Barbara likes animals.
- 1 Mark is good at Maths.
- 2 Pam likes cooking.
- 3 Sam loves aeroplanes.
- 4 Jane loves small children.
- 5 Scott loves trains.
- 6 Sarah is good at painting.
- 7 Pat wants to be a doctor.
- 8 Ann loves computers.
- 9 Paul likes writing stories.
- 10 Bill loves sports.

become a pilot

become a kindergarten teacher

work in a bank

become a vet

become a train driver

study art

study medicine

buy a restaurant

become an author

bècome a sports teacher

study computer science

- No. 1		
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